



LAW AND SOCIAL
POLICY REVIEW

VOLUME 1 AND ISSUE 1 OF 2023

INSTITUTE OF LEGAL EDUCATION



Law and Social Policy Review [ISBN - 978-81-960677-7-9]

(Open Access Journal)

Journal's Home Page - <https://Ispr.iledu.in/>

Journal's Editorial Page - <https://Ispr.iledu.in/editorial-board/>

Volume 1 and Issue 1 (Access Full Issue on - <https://Ispr.iledu.in/category/volume-1-and-issue-1-of-2023/>)

Publisher

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A study on Illegal drugs awareness among the college students

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Best Citation - C.SANJEEV, A study on Illegal drugs awareness among the college students, *Law and Social Policy Review*, 1 (1) of 2023, Pg. 79-84, ISBN - 978-81-960677-7-9.

Abstract

This essay aims to measure the degree of illegal drug consciousness among college students. The research report focuses on whether or not they are responding to drug consuming friend problem and whether or not they are aware of how problem is happened and the reason. Via the random sampling method, we chose 50 college students from the Chengalpattu district of Tamil Nadu. The environment awareness ability test utilised the data that was collected using the questionnaire technique. We must first be aware of the harm being done by the drugs. If the harm occurred, our way of life would completely crumble. Then we lost our stable mind and got tough to live, and we are looking for other methods of to use the illegal drugs.

➤ **Keywords**

Illegal drug use , Sustainable Development , Illegal drug awareess .

I INTRODUCTION

The drug is useful to us in many ways, but it is also dangerous; if we consume a small amount of it, we will be able to function at our full capacity; however, if we consume more, we will die. We can also use the drug in a variety of medicines to treat our health problems, as well as in hospitals and during major operations. However, all drugs have limits; if we exceed them, we will become dangerous to the users. The drug's limit is extremely low. The use of the drug is unimportant; without it, we can live a normal

life .If we use the drug too much and exceed the limit, we will die; it releases more dopamine into our brain, making our minds happy; it creates a need for the drug, and we consume more than the limit; this is why our government has banned some drugs; however, the majority of the guys use the banned drugs for their addiction; these drugs are mostly used by college students, and they gradually become addicted to them.

So in this research paper, we examine the college student's awareness of illegal drug use. We conduct a survey about these illegal drugs, and the college student answers the questions in such a way that we consider the student's awareness level.

II LITERATURE REVIEW

R R Jha et.al (2015) conducted a pre-experimental study on lifetime use of alcohol in high school students of Bhubaneswar. Data was analyzed for 863 students aged 12-17 years with a participation of 58.8% boys and 41.2% girls. Among all 8.2% had taken alcohol at least once in their lifetime. 43.6% were current drug users. Friends and family members had major influence in decision on taking alcohol. Knowledge about harmful effect of alcohol was adequate. Need of crucial intervention at middle and high school level to prevent the alcohol related disorders among young adults.

Ms.Debajani Nayak (2016) conducted a non-experimental descriptive study to assess the knowledge and practice of substance abuse among adolescence . Socio-demographic

variables shows that majority of the participants were Hindus (71%), 81% were males. In knowledge regarding prevention and treatment of substance abuse shows that 5.39% agree with the prevention and treatment of substance abuse. As regards to physical and psychological aspects of substance abuse shows that 7% feels happy after consuming alcohol, 9% have physical comfort, 9% have good sleep and relax well, 10% avoids negative motions. Practice of substance abuse resulting that 56% of student take alcohol and other drugs. 5% of the students were started taking drugs and alcohol by watching their parents. In final statistical analysis it was found that association of knowledge score with sociodemographic variables like age, stream of adolescence and occupation of their parents were significantly associated 13.1, 4.03 and 6.35 respectively at a level p value 0.001.

Charis Theou et.al (2015) conducted a pre-experimental study to determine the effectiveness of an awareness program on knowledge on substance abuse and its consequences among the students in Karnataka. Out of 53 samples females were 35 (66%) and majority of them were 17 years old. During the pre-test 7.6% were having good knowledge and after post test the knowledge score reached to 52.8%. The association between the demographic variables and the knowledge score were not statistically significant at a level of 0.05. Overall the study helped in improving the knowledge on

substance abuse and its consequences among pre-university student

III METHODOLOGY

- Study Location: Chengalpattu district of Tamil Nadu
- Study Duration: 22 Feb 2023 to 15 Mar 2023 – 23 days
- Sample Size: 50
- Research Method: Descriptive survey method of the co-relational type and Stratified Random Probability Sampling
- Research Objectives: The following objectives were proposed:

[1] To find out the level of awareness towards illegal drug use among college students

[2] To compare illegal drug awareness and sustainable development towards society among college students based on gender of the students.

[3] To compare the Sustainable development among college students based on level of awareness towards drugs.

Study Mode: Synchronic study because the entire data is collected within a single time frame google form

Questionnaire Type: Likert Scale marking

Languages Used: English, Tamil,

Gender & State Parity: Break-down data of the survey:

Gender	Frequency	Percentage
Male	25	50
Female	25	50
Total	50	100

Regarding the gender of the study respondents, both of the respondents are responding equally (50%) male, rest of them are female



Age	Frequency	Percentage
18 -21	40	80
21 above	10	20
Total	50	100

About the age of the study respondents majority of the study respondents (80%) are coming under the age group of 18 to 21 years old, remaining of the study respondents are 21 years old

Educational Qualification	Frequency	Percentage
UG(1 st to 3 rd Year)	40	80
Professional Course (4 th and 5 th Year)	7	14
PG	3	6
Total	50	100

About the Educational Qualification most of the respondents (80%) are study UG (1st to 3rd Year), the next majority of the respondents (14%) are study Professional Course (4th and 5th

Year) and remaining of the respondents are study PG

Parents Occupation	Frequency	Percentage
Government Sector	14	28
Private Sector	17	34
Business	19	38
Total	50	100

Regarding the Parents Occupation of the study respondents, majority of the respondents Parents Occupation are (38%) Business next of the Respondents Parent's Occupation are

(34%) Private Sector and rest of them parent's Occupation are Government Sector.

1. Drugs kill the consumed person

Options	Frequency	Percentage
Agree	40	80
Neutral	10	20
Disagree	0	0
Total	50	100

About the Question of the study respondents most of the study respondents (80%) are selected agree and the rest of them selected neutral

2. Drugs are the one of the main economic incomes of the India

Options	Frequency	Percentage
Agree	50	100
Neutral	0	0
Disagree	0	0
Total	50	100

In this study all of them selected agree.

3. Some drugs are legal and some drugs are illegal for the people health

Options	Frequency	Percentage
Agree	36	72
Neutral	10	20
Disagree	4	8
Total	50	100

About the Question of the study respondents most of the study respondents (72%) are selected agree, next majority of respondents are selected neutral (20%) and rest of them selected disagree

4. Some drugs are important to the people and the government economy

Options	Frequency	Percentage
Agree	30	60
Neutral	12	24
Disagree	8	16
Total	50	100

About the Question of the study respondents most of the study respondents (60%) are



selected agree, next majority of respondents selected disagree
are selected neutral (24%) and rest of them

5. Drugs are useful for the government where and where

Options	Frequency	Percentage
Hospital	0	0
Tasmac	10	20
Both	40	80
Total	50	100

About the Question of the study respondents selected Both and rest of them selected
most of the study respondents (80%) are Tasmac

6. Some drugs are banned what the reason

Options	Frequency	Percentage
People mental health	34	68
Government income	0	0
Both	16	32
Total	50	100

About the Question of the study respondents selected People mental health and rest of
most of the study respondents (68%) are them selected Both

7. The government banned own processed drugs for the people's health

Options	Frequency	Percentage
Agree	50	100
Neutral	0	0
Disagree	0	0
Total	50	100

In this study all of them selected agree

8. The drugs are bad for the government and people

Options	Frequency	Percentage
Agree	40	80
Neutral	2	4
Disagree	8	16
Total	50	100



About the Question of the study respondents most of the study respondents (80%) are selected agree, next majority of respondents

are selected disagree (16%) and rest of them selected neutral

9. The banned drugs are easily available in the school and college students?

Options	Frequency	Percentage
Agree	30	60
Neutral	12	24
Disagree	8	16
Total	50	100

About the Question of the study respondents most of the study respondents (60%) are selected agree, next majority of respondents are selected neutral (24%) and rest of them selected disagree

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IV CONCLUSION

The drug is the tool to use our full potential but if we consume more than the limit then we lost our normal mind condition. The government banned some drug for the public health but the addicted people still use that drug in illegal ways. That addiction lead that persons very dangerous health condition . As a result, this research paper examines how much awareness among college students in the Chengalpattu district have about the illegal drug and sustainable development, which is why a survey was conducted and a research paper was written

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